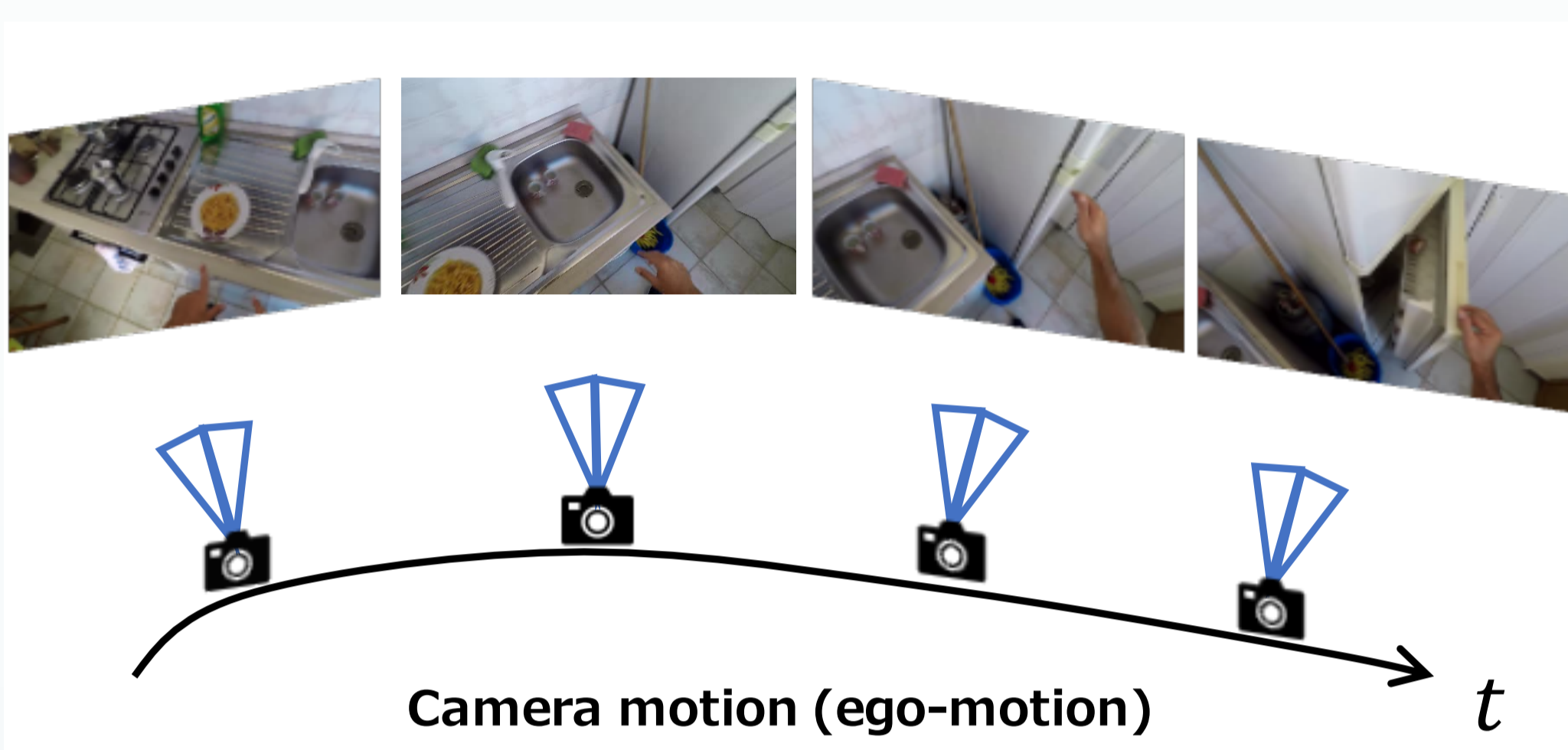


## Overview

- First work that investigates the potential benefits of incorporating ego-motion in egocentric 2D hand forecasting task
- Propose simple but effective approach, EMAG
- Validated on Ego4D and EPIC-Kitchens in intra and cross-dataset scenarios

## Background



## Issues

### 1. Ego-motion incorporation

- Take ego-motion as input
- Forecasting future ego-motion

### 2. Generalization ability

- Robustness to novel scene

## Task Definition

### Task: 2D Hand Forecasting

Observation: 2s, Forecasting: 1s

$x_{p1}$ : frame 0.25s after the last observed frame

$x_{p2}$ : frame of 0.5s after

$x_{p3}$ : frame of 0.75s after

$x_{p4}$ : frame of 1s after

Predict hand location  $(\hat{h}_i^l, \hat{h}_i^r)$ , where  $i \in \{p1, p2, p3, p4\}$ , on 2D image coordinate

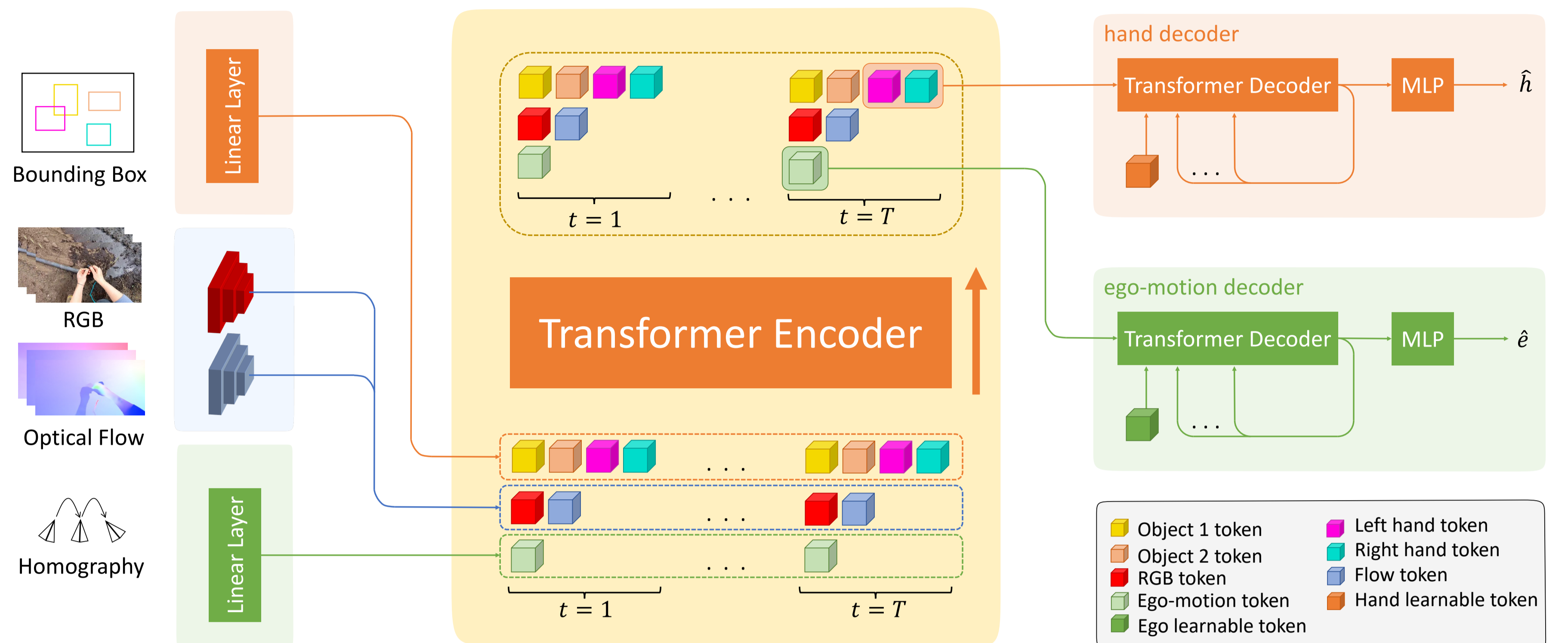
## Limitations & Future Work

- ❖ Forecasting in 3D
- ❖ More interesting scenario where hands are out-of-view in several frames during observation

## References

- [1] Schöller et al, What the constant velocity model can teach us about pedestrian motion prediction, RA-L (2020)
- [2] Kalman et al, A new approach to linear filtering and prediction problems, Journal of Basic Engineering (1960)
- [3] Sutskever et al, Sequence to sequence learning with neural networks, NeurIPS (2014)
- [4] Liu et al, Joint Hand Motion and Interaction Hotspots Prediction from Egocentric Videos, CVPR(2022)
- [5] Grauman et al, Ego4D: Around the World in 3,000 Hours of Egocentric Video, CVPR(2022)

## Proposed Method



## Experimental Results

### Intra & Cross-Dataset Evaluation

Method	Ego4D → Ego4D		EPIC → EPIC		EPIC → Ego4D		Ego4D → EPIC	
	ADE ↓	FDE ↓	ADE ↓	FDE ↓	ADE ↓	FDE ↓	ADE ↓	FDE ↓
CVM [1]	108.11	143.23	141.70	155.40	108.11	143.23	141.70	155.40
KF [2]	71.23	72.87	70.58	75.60	71.23	72.87	70.58	75.60
Seq2Seq[3]	55.91	60.72	62.24	67.85	62.43	67.85	67.97	72.26
OCT [4]	49.40	54.73	53.85	59.06	<u>57.74</u>	<u>59.10</u>	64.97	65.84
I3D + Regression [5]	49.27	53.04	49.64	54.83	59.72	61.72	51.70	58.37
Ours	<b>48.99</b>	<b>52.83</b>	<b>48.78</b>	<b>54.03</b>	<b>53.67</b>	<b>56.36</b>	<b>51.03</b>	<b>56.78</b>

### Input Ablation

Object	RGB	Flow	Ego	Intra		Cross	
				ADE ↓	FDE ↓	ADE ↓	FDE ↓
✓	✓	✓	✓	48.76	53.79	52.78	57.02
✓	✓	✓	✓	50.08	54.83	53.30	57.54
✓	✓	✓	✓	51.00	54.78	54.74	57.93
✓	✓	✓	✓	<b>48.35</b>	<b>53.24</b>	52.89	<u>57.02</u>
✓	✓	✓	✓	48.89	<u>53.43</u>	<b>52.35</b>	<b>56.57</b>

### Loss Ablation

Method	Intra		Cross	
	ADE ↓	FDE ↓	ADE ↓	FDE ↓
w/o $\mathcal{L}_{ego}$	49.66	54.26	52.84	57.08
w/ $\mathcal{L}_{ego}$ (Ours)	<b>48.89</b>	<b>53.43</b>	<b>52.35</b>	<b>56.57</b>

## Qualitative Results

